Original Contribution

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A SPECIAL CASE OF CALCULATION OF OPTICAL SYSTEM FOR A COLLIMATOR WITH AN ANFOCAL ACHROMATIC COLLIMATOR

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Abstract. In connection with the development of collimator for the needs of the defense, the research on mirror-lens objectives is being enhanced, especially objectives with an afocal achromatic compensator, located in parallel shaft of light with a reflector in the form of a flat plane.

Key words: mirror-lens objective, afocal achromatic compensator

In connection with the development of collimators for the needs of the defense [1...5], the research on designing mirror-lens objectives has been broadened. On the basis of Methods for research of an optical system for Stand-collimator 9B852V/CU-01 [6], a special case has been researched at which r_4 =. The system is transformed into mirror-lens objective with counter-reflector in the form of a flat mirror and an achromatic afocal compensator in a parallel beam of rays (fig. 1 and fig. 2).

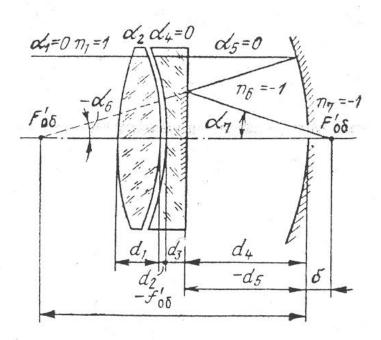


Fig. 1. Optical scheme of mirror-lens objective with an afocal achromatic compensator, located in a parallel beam of rays with counter-reflector in the form of a flat plane, put on the last plane of the compensator

Because $r_4 =$, and the compensator is a focal, so $\alpha_1 = \alpha_4 = \alpha_5 = 0$. From Fig. 2 we can see that:

(1)
$$r_5 = 2f'_{06}$$

$$2r_6 = r_4 = \infty.$$

From the similarity of the triangles $N_5 F'_{06} O_5$ $\Pi N_6 F'_{06} P$ we can write the following:

(3)
$$\frac{h_5}{f'_{06}} = \frac{h_6}{f'_{06} - d_4},$$

(4)
$$d_4 = f'_{06} - \frac{h_6 f'_{06}}{h_5}$$

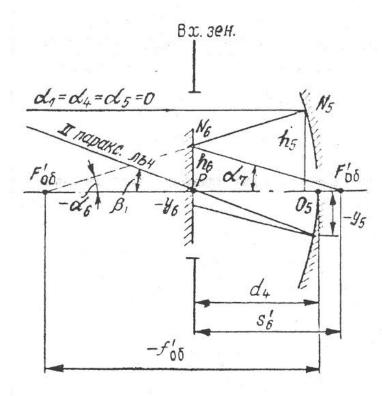


Fig. 2. Optical scheme of mirror-lens objective with an afocal achromatic compensator, located in a parallel beam of rays with counter-reflector in the form of a flat mirror

In rationing conditions $h_5 = f'_{06} = 1$, $h_6 = k$, $d_4 = 1 - k$, the values of $S_{10\Gamma\Lambda}$ and $s_{20\Gamma\Lambda}$ are defined [7]. Because the counter-reflector itself is a flat mirror, and $P_6 = 0$, $W_6 = 0$, so

(5)
$$S_{1_{02,7}} = \sum_{\nu=5}^{6} h_{\nu} P_{\nu} = P_{5} = -\frac{\alpha_{6}^{3}}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

(6)
$$S_{202\pi} = \sum_{\nu=5}^{6} y_{\nu} P_{\nu} - I \sum_{\nu=5}^{6} W_{\nu} = y_5 P_5 + e_5 = -d_4 \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{k+1}{4}$$

(7)
$$P_{\kappa o M} = -S_{1o 2 \pi} = -0,25$$

(8)
$$W_{\text{KOM}} = -S_{2023} = -0.25y_5 - 0.5 = 0.25d_4 - 0.5$$

Considering that $\alpha_1 = \alpha_4 = \alpha_5 = 0$, we get

(9)
$$P_{\text{KOM}} = \frac{\alpha_3 \alpha_2 n}{(n-1)^2} [\alpha_2 (n+2) - \alpha_3 (2n+1)]$$

(10)
$$W_{\text{KOM}} = \frac{n+1}{1-n} \alpha_2 \alpha_3.$$

From (10) we define

(11)
$$\alpha_2 = \frac{n+1}{1-n} \frac{W_{\text{KOM}}}{\alpha_3}.$$

If we substitute the expression (11) into (10), after the transformation we get:

(12)
$$(1+2n)\alpha_3^2 - \left(\frac{n^2-1}{n}\right)\frac{P_{_{KOM}}}{W_{_{KOM}}}\alpha_3 + (n+2)\frac{n-1}{n+1}W_{_{KOM}} = 0.$$

If we determine

$$1 + 2n = A,$$

$$-\frac{n^2 - 1}{n} \frac{P_{KOM}}{W_{KOM}} = B,$$

$$(n+2) \frac{n-1}{n+1} W_{KOM} = C.$$

equation (12) can be written as this:

$$A\alpha_3^2 - B\alpha_3 + C = 0$$

By means of solving the quadratic equation, the angle α_3 is defined. The order of calculation continues similarly to the Methods of calculation [6], which has been designed for Stand-collimator 9B852Y/CU-01.

In conclusion we can say that the implemented Methods for calculation of a Stand-collimator 9B852V/CU-01 has been further developed and calculation of optical system for a collimator with afocal chromatic compensator has been ensured.

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